CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

408/410, Rewa Chambers, 31, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020. Phone : Office : 43455656/ Fax : 43455666 Email : admin@vkbeswal.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

To

The Members of SHARDA BALKAN AGROCHEMICALS LIMITED,

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of SHARDA BALKAN AGROCHEMICALS LIMITED, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31.12.2015 and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under:

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31.12.2015.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by the law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet dealt with by this Report is in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31.12.2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31.12.2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

For V.K.BESWAL & ASSOCIATES, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, FIRM REGISTRATION NO:101083W

CA K.V.BESWAL

PARTNER

M.NO.131054

PLACE: MUMBAI

DATED: 05/05/2016

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2015

(Amount in INR)

(Amount i				
Particulars	Note No	As at 31-Dec-15	As at 31-Dec-14	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Shareholders' funds				
Share Capital	3	2,81,853	2,81,853	
Reserves & Surplus	3 4	(1,42,163)	(2,43,312)	
Total (A)		1,39,690	38,541	
Current Liabilities				
Other Current Liabilities	5	2,02,876	3,24,802	
Total (B)		2,02,876	3,24,802	
Total (A+B)		3,42,566	3,63,343	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash & Bank Balances	6	274	290	
Short Term Loan & Advances	7	62,648	66,447	
Other Current Assets	8	2,79,644	2,96,606	
Total		3,42,566	3,63,343	
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

For V.K.BESWAL & ASSOCIATES

SHARDA BALKAN AGROCHEMICALS LIMITED

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No. 101083W

CA K.V.BESWAL

[Partner]

Membership Number - 131054

Place: Mumbai

Date: 0 5 MAY 2016

Moulino

Authorised Signatory

RVB

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

			(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Note No	Year ended 31-Dec-15	Year ended 31-Dec-14
Income		*	
Other Income	9	4,77,247	7,71,704
Total revenue		4,77,247	7,71,704
Expenses			
Other Expenses	10	3,75,871	3,59,468
Total Expenses		3,75,871	3,59,468
Profit/(Loss) before tax and before prior period adjustments		1,01,376	4,12,236
Tax expenses			
Current Tax		1848	-
Deferred Tax Total Tax expense	-		
Profit/(Loss) after tax and before prior period adjustments		1,01,376	4,12,236
Prior period adjustment (Net of tax)			-
Profit/(Loss) for the year		1,01,376	4,12,236
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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As per our report of even date
For V.K.BESWAL & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. 101083W

CA K.V.BESWAL

[Partner]

Membership Number - 131054

Place: Mumbai

Date 0 5 MAY 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SHARDA BALKAN AGROCHEMICALS LIMITED

Authorised Signatory

RVB

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2015

(Amount in INR)

		(Amount in INR
Particulars	Year ended 31-Dec-15	Year ended 31-Dec-14
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax from continuing operations	1,01,376	4,12,236
Profit before tax	1,01,376	4,12,236
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation/ amortization on continuing operation		
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	(227)	16,907
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,01,149	4,29,143
Movements in working capital :		
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	(1,21,926)	(65,840
Decrease/ (increase) in Short Term Loans & Advances	3,799	(66,447
Decrease/ (increase) in other current assets	16,962	(2,96,606
Cash generated from/ (used in) operations	(16)	250
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		8.2
Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	(16)	250
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)		
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net cash flow from/ (used in) financing activities (C)		J.
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(16)	250
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	290	40
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	274	290
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	29	30
With banks- on current account	245	260
- on deposit account		
Total cash and cash equivalents	274	290

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For V.K.BESWAL & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No. 101083W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SHARDA BALKAN AGROCHEMICALS LIMITED

CA K.V.BESWAL

[PARTNER]

Membership Number - 131054

PLACE: MUMBAI

DATED: 05 MAY 2016

Authorised Signatory

RVB

2.1

1. Corporate Information

Sharda Balkan Agrochemicals Limited ('Company') was incorporated on 31.05.2010 in Greece. The holding company was Sharda International FZE which got amalgamated into Sharda Cropchem Limited ("SCL") w.e.f 15.03.2012.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and the provisions of the Act (to the extent notified). The financials statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(b) Tangible fixed assets

Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

(c) Depreciation on tangible fixed assets

The depreciation rates prescribed under Schedule XIV were treated as minimum rates and the Company was not allowed to charge depreciation at lower rates even if such lower rates were justified by the estimated useful life of the asset. From the current year, Schedule XIV has been replaced by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Schedule II prescribes useful lives for fixed assets, which, in many cases, are different from lives prescribed under the erstwhile Schedule XIV. However, Schedule II allows companies to use higher/lower useful lives and residual values if such useful lives and residual values can be technically supported and justification for difference is disclosed in the financial statements.

(d) Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

(e) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

- (i) The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed for impairment at each Balance Sheet date to determine if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre tax rate, that reflect current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets.
- (ii) After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

(f) Research and Development costs

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure is carried forward when its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured and is amortized over the period of expected future benefit.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2015

(g) Investments

Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis.

Non-Current Investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in nature.

(h) Inventories

Raw materials, traded goods and finished goods are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes direct material and direct expenses. Cost is determined using weighted average method for batches identified on specific identification basis in respective locations. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sales.

(i) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer.

Interest

Revenue is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Dividends

Revenue is recognized when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established by the Balance Sheet date.

(j) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions and balances

(i) Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount, the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(ii) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate that existed when the values were determined.

(iii) Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting monetary items of the Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year or reported in previous financial statements are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

(k) Leases

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash on hand, cash at bank and term deposits with banks and also include short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

(m) Taxes on Income

Tax expense comprises of Current and Deferred Tax. Current Income Tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax law enacted in Greece. Deferred Tax reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred Tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off Current Tax Assets against Current Tax Liabilities. The Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities relate to the taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws. Deferred Tax Assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such Deferred Tax Assets can be realized. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all Deferred Tax Assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

The carrying amount of Deferred Tax Assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date. The Company writes down the carrying amount of Deferred Tax Asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which Deferred Tax Asset can be realized. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

(n) Provisions and Contingencies

A Provision is recognized when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the note to the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

(o) Earnings per share

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the note to the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

3 Share Capital

A

Particulars	As at 31-Dec-2015	As at 31-Dec-2014
	INR	INR
Authorised shares		
150 (Previous year : 150) Equity Shares of Euros 30 each	2,81,853	2,81,853
Issued, Subscribed & fully paid up shares		
150 (Previous year : 150) Equity Shares of Euros 30 each	2,81,853	2,81,853
Total Issued, Subscribed & fully paid up share capital	2,81,853	2,81,853

B Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	Equity Shares As at 31-Dec 2015		Equity Shares As at 31-Dec-2014	
Particulars				
	Number	INR	Number	INR
At the beginning of the period	150	2,81,853	150	2,81,853
Issued during the period				-
Outstanding at the end of the period	150	2,81,853	150	2,81,853

C Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Euros 30 per share. Holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

D Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares in the company

Name of Shareholder	0.441.617	As at 31-Dec 2015		As at 31-Dec-2014	
Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	
SHARDA CROPCHEM LIMITED	150	100.00%	150	100.00%	

4 Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	As at 31-Dec 2015	As at 31-Dec-2014
	INR	INR
Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance as per the last financial statement	(2,43,447)	(6,55,683
Add : Profit for the year	1,01,376	4,12,236
Closing Balance	(1,42,071)	(2,43,447
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		
Balance as per the last financial statement	135	(16,772)
Add : Charged for the year	(227)	16,907
Closing Balance	(92)	135
Total	(1,42,163)	(2,43,312)



5 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31-Dec-2015	As at 31-Dec-2014
	INR	INR
Tax payable Other payables	46,693 1,56,183	3,24,802
Total	2,02,876	3,24,802

6 Cash and Bank Balances

Particulars	As at 31-Dec-2015	As at 31-Dec-2014
	INR	INR
Cash and cash equivalents a) Cash on hand	29	30
b) Balances with banks: - Current account	245	260
Total	274	290

7 Short term Loans & Advances

Particulars	As at 31-Dec-2015 INR	As at 31-Dec-2014 INR
Balance with Statutory Authorities	62,648	66,447
Total	62,648	66,447

8 Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31-Dec-2015	As at 31-Dec-2014
	INR	INR
Other Receivable	2,79,644	2,96,606
Total	2,79,644	2,96,606

9 Other Income

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Dec-2015	For the year ended 31-Dec-2014	
		INR	INR
Interest Income Miscellaneous Income		4,77,247	-1,218 7,70,486
Total		4,77,247	7,71,704



10 Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Dec-2015	For the year ended 31-Dec-2014
	INR	INR
Accounting Expenses	178,077	202,952
Rent	85,477	
Bank charges		244
VAT expenses	112,189	46,679
Subscription and contributions	*	12,176
Miscellaneous Expenses	128	-
Total	375,871	359,468

11 Earnings per share (EPS)

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Dec-2015	For the year ended 31-Dec-2014 INR
	INR	
Basic and diluted earning per share:	101.376	412,236
Profit after taxation as per statement of profit and loss	150	150
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	676	
Basic and diluted earning per share	10 PM	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Nominal Value of equity share (Euros 30)	1,879	1,879

12 Related Parties:

The company has not entered into any related party transactions during the period.

13 Segment information

The company has only one segment of agrochemicals.

14 Capital and Other Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

There were no Capital and other Commitments and contingent liability at the balance sheet date.

15 Previous Year Figures

The previous year figures have been regrouped, rearranged wherever necessary to compare this year figures.

As per our report of even date For V.K.BESWAL & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Registration No. 101083W

CA K.V.BESWAL

[PARTNER]

Membership Number - 131054

PLACE: MUMBAI

DATED: 0 5 MAY 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SHARDA BALKAN AGROCHEMICALS LIMITED

Authorised Signatory

RVB